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Annex II

Asia and the Pacific

In view of the new political and policy context, several multiannual indicative programmes for Asia and the Pacific need to be amended.

The country, multi-country and regional multiannual indicative programmes for Asia and the Pacific for the period 2021-2027 reflect the overall EU priorities and interests in the region while taking into account the great sub-regional diversity and the principle of complementarity.

Since their adoption at the end of 2021, the country, multi-country and the regional MIPs have demonstrated their relevance to advance the EU's strategic interests, strengthen partnerships with strategic partners in Asia and the Pacific and respond to emerging needs and opportunities.

The mid-term review of NDICI-Global Europe programming has been an opportunity to take into account the evolution of the geopolitical context reflected in new policy documents, notably the EU Global Gateway Strategy (December 2021), the EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific (September 2021), the EU Strategic Partnership with the Gulf (June 2022), the Joint Roadmap for Deepening Ties between the EU and Central Asia (October 2023) and the Partnership Agreement between the EU and its Member States, and the Members of the Organisation of African, Caribbean and Pacific States (the "Samoa Agreement", November 2023).

The alignment of the programmes for the period 2025-2027 with those key policy priorities and an increase of the financial allocation dedicated to the regional programme underpin the EU's geopolitical approach and its efforts to deliver concrete programmes that tackle the most pressing global challenges and support strategic investments. It also enables the EU to pursue impactful engagement in the region and further consolidate its profile as a reliable long-term partner.

to the multiannual indicative programme for Asia and the Pacific for the period 2021-2027

- 1. In order to ensure that the multiannual indicative programme for Asia and the Pacific for the period 2021-2027 remains a relevant framework to promote a distinctive approach to the Asia Pacific region in a complex geopolitical context, the following changes to the programme are proposed:
 - Central Asia: in line with the Global Gateway Strategy, the EU Strategy on Connecting
 Europe and Asia, the EU Strategy for Central Asia and the Joint Roadmap for Deepening
 Ties between the EU and Central Asia, increased focus on transport connectivity is deemed
 a priority. The EUR 30 million increase in the financial allocation should in particular
 support the development of the Trans-Caspian Transport Network.
 - Actions in countries in complex settings: given the complex and volatile situation in several countries of the region, notably Afghanistan, Iran, Myanmar and Yemen, it is proposed to create a new section in the programme to address the most pressing needs of the people in those countries, in line with the relevant EU policy for these countries. The indicative allocation of EUR 392 million is to be used in a flexible and principled manner to adapt the EU's response to the needs of the population and to the evolution of the situation in those countries.
 - Migration, forced displacement and mobility: Asia and the Pacific region continues to face significant and diverse migratory challenges, including major forced displacement situations which require an appropriate EU response. An additional contribution of EUR 90 million will address the negative spill-over effects of the situation in Syria on Iraq.
 - With the EU-India cooperation agenda having increased in scope over the last years, and ahead of the preparations of a new EU-India strategic framework (for after the conclusion of the EU-India Roadmap to 2025), the EU will work to deliver the Global Gateway, and its Connectivity partnerships with India and its broad policy interests, particularly in relation to energy, digital and trade related interests with an additional contribution of EUR 10M.
 - The regional MIP will continue to promote and support the EU agenda in its relation with China, while also underpinning the EU's Global Gateway investment agenda in the region, justifying a reduction of EUR 10M.
- 2. In order to support investments and ensure a stronger alignment with the Global Gateway Strategy in the region, the amount of the dedicated "Support to investments" envelope is increased by EUR 808 million (including the top-up from the Cushion for the European Investment Bank on EFSD+ investment window 1). The amount for technical assistance linked to the provisioning of EFSD+ guarantees is also made explicit. The overall investment envelope serves the EU and partner countries' shared interests across different Global Gateway priorities and support partnerships in strategic areas. It aims to leverage and scale up private sector investment and further mobilise financial institutions. It provides the required flexibility to support Global Gateway projects according to their political relevance and operational maturity at country and regional level.
- 3. The multiannual indicative programme for Asia and the Pacific for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

- i. In all sections, the references to the "Council Conclusions on an EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific" and the Joint Communication on the EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific (September 2021)" are replaced by the "EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific".
 - ii. In section "1.1. Basis for programming",
 - a. the second paragraph is replaced by the following paragraph:

"The EU vision, interests and priorities in Asia and the Pacific are outlined in various EU strategies for the region, in particular the EU Global Gateway Strategy, the EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific, the EU Central Asia Strategy and the Joint Roadmap for Deepening Ties between the EU and Central Asia, the Samoa Agreement and the EU Strategic Partnership with the Gulf. These are broad and deep, spanning from profound economic and trade interests with asymmetrically growing interdependences (Europe's future growth and prosperity will increasingly depend on Asia), support for sustainable connectivity and the twin green and digital transitions while tackling the most pressing global challenges (e.g. climate change, environmental degradation and biodiversity loss, just and clean energy transition, pandemics, environment, migration, poverty and inequality), support for multilateralism, respect for social, environmental and governance standards, including promotion of human rights, such as labour rights and compliance on business and human rights, gender equality, rights of LGBTI persons as well as democracy, peace, security and stability, and, where relevant, disaster risk reduction. In a 360-degree approach, targeted actions will ensure that Global Gateway initiatives include enabling and mitigating measures, in line with the Human Rights Based Approach, with a particular focus on good governance risks, such as corruption".

b. the following text is added under "Migration, forced displacement and mobility" in the fourth paragraph:

"In Afghanistan, the EU provides basic needs and livelihoods assistance to address root causes of irregular migration and forced displacement in a value-based and principled manner. The EU recognises the risk that a further deterioration of the humanitarian and socio-economic conditions might force more people to leave Afghanistan, possibly negatively impacting efforts against trafficking in human beings, and the prevention of irregular migration."

c. the first sentence in the paragraph starting with "Human development" is replaced by the following text:

"Human development features prominently in programming in Asia and the Pacific. Following the principle of subsidiarity, most of the actions will be addressed through the country MIPs and some at the regional level where relevant (e.g. in countries in complex settings and on relevant topics like education, academic cooperation, staff's and students' mobility, recognition of qualifications, equivalence and common approaches)."

iii. The first paragraph of section "1.3. Priority Areas" is replaced by the following paragraph:

"This programme focuses on four priority areas, namely:

- Regional integration and cooperation (addressed by sub-region as well as by a Pan-Asia component)
- Pursuing EU interests with key partners

- Migration, forced displacement and mobility
- Actions in countries in complex settings

iv. The text of section "1.3.1.1 Central Asia" is replaced by the following text:

"In line with the EU's Central Asia Strategy, this regional programme will focus on resilience and prosperity. The humanitarian and socio-economic crisis situation in Afghanistan following the takeover of the country by the Taliban in August 2021 continues to have a direct impact on Iran, Pakistan and Central Asia where partners face negative spillovers such as terrorism, radicalisation, smuggling of drugs, light arms and weapons as well as irregular migratory movements, including trafficking in human beings. These challenges, exacerbated by climate factors, increase the risk to ultimately affect Europe's security and stability.

Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine has underlined the urgency to find alternative, reliable and efficient transport routes between Europe and Asia that do not transit via Russia. In addition to opening new possibilities for trade, the development of transport connectivity is also a means to strengthen the regional integration and economic development of Central Asia.

Resilience covers water, energy, climate change, environmental challenges including biodiversity loss, rule of law, human rights, gender equality and the rights of LGBTI persons and support to civil society, as well as regional peace and stability, with a focus on migration, providing protection as well as safe and dignified reception conditions for displaced populations, integrated border management, addressing drug-related challenges and combatting irregular migration including by cooperation on return, readmission and reintegration, migrant smuggling and trafficking in human beings.

Prosperity focuses on digital, energy and transport connectivity, decent work and respect for international labour standards, entrepreneurship and regional trade, cooperation on critical raw materials as well as human development, including post-pandemic efforts to build back better. This notably includes support to the implementation of the measures identified in the Study on Sustainable Transport Connections between Europe and Central Asia published in June 2023, which focus on enhancing the operational efficiency and economic attractiveness of the Trans-Caspian Transport Network."

v. The last sentence of section "1.3.1.5 Pan-Asia" is replaced by the following text:

"Such potential also exists in the Green Deal, the Global Gateway Strategy and the EU Strategy for Cooperation in the Indo-Pacific in the areas of climate and energy, transport, digital and human connectivity, decent work, trade and economic integration, human development, sustaining peace and building resilience, health, research/technology, security cooperation, ocean governance, reinforcing and diversifying supply chains, and digital governance."

vi. A new section "1.3.4 - Priority area 4 – Actions in countries in complex settings" is added with the following text:

"Given the complex and volatile situations in some countries of Asia and the Pacific, notably Afghanistan, Myanmar, Iran and Yemen, the EU will support actions in those countries with a view to addressing the most pressing challenges for the people in these countries, in line with the relevant EU policy for each of these countries."

vii. The second paragraph of section "1.4.9 Migration, Forced Displacement and Mobility" is replaced by the following paragraph:

"Migration-related actions under this regional programme will be carefully coordinated with those at country and global level, and with migration-related policies and programmes, including the EU Asylum, Migration, and Integration Fund (AMIF). The humanitarian, development and peace nexus, coordination and building of synergies with related activities and stakeholders will be ensured, as well as compliance with international humanitarian and human rights law related to forced displacement and people seeking asylum, and due regard to gender sensitivity. Particular attention will be given to the development of Talent Partnerships with key partner countries. A strong gender perspective should be part of all actions funded, in line with the EU Gender Action Plan III (GAP III)¹. Moreover, where relevant, migration and displacement will be mainstreamed in other priority areas.

Given the evolving nature of migration challenges and opportunities for the region, actions under this priority area should be implemented in a flexible manner across the different specific objectives."

viii. A new section "1.4.10 Actions in countries in complex settings" is added with the following text:

"In Asia and the Pacific, some countries face complex and volatile situations which significantly impact their people. For these countries, the EU operates in a humanitarian-development-peace nexus approach with the aim to meet immediate basic needs of the population, while simultaneously supporting bridging measures that contribute to addressing systemic causes of suffering and conflict. EU actions will be designed in a flexible and principled manner so that the EU response can be adapted as needed to the evolution of the country context.

The EU recognises the risk that further deterioration of the humanitarian and socio-economic conditions, - such as food insecurity, malnutrition, a near-collapse of the national public health system and the persisting effects of decades of conflict – in addition to other contributing factors (among others the systemic discrimination by the Taliban de-facto authorities of large swathes of the Afghan population, notably women and girls) - might force more people to leave Afghanistan, thus negatively impacting efforts against trafficking in human beings, and the prevention of irregular migration. Statistics show that the most important drivers of migration worldwide are of an economic nature. Only an inclusive, resilient economy can sustainably assure that populations are resilient to shocks and relieved from the pressure to migrate. Therefore, the EU should continue the delivery of basic needs and livelihood assistance directly to the people of Afghanistan in a principled and value-based manner in line with the 2021 and 2023 Council Conclusions on Afghanistan² and according to a "for women by women" approach. Women and girls (and youth more in general) as well as other vulnerable groups, such as IDPs and returnees remain a priority. The EU's basic needs and livelihoods assistance complements humanitarian aid, which in itself is not sufficient to address the challenges and risks faced by the Afghan population. Like in other fragile countries, medium and longer-term sustainable solutions are necessary in Afghanistan to address the drivers of vulnerability, including climate vulnerability. Furthermore, Afghanistan's vulnerability to climate change is expected to increase rapidly, which will have both direct and indirect consequences on internal and external displacement, public health, nutrition, food security and the economy. TheEU's basic needs and livelihoods support therefore includes adaptation to the devasting impact of climate change and ultimately aims at sustaining economic recovery. Livelihoods assistance is also fundamental to address widespread poverty in the

¹ The Gender Action Plan III is a Joint communication by the Commission and the High Representative of the Union for Foreign Affairs and Security Policy, which was welcomed through EU Council Presidency Conclusions of 16 December 2020.

² Council Conclusions September 2021 11713/2/21 and Council Conclusions March 2023 7264/23.

long-term. By providing community-based jobs and safety nets, by improving access to incomegenerating activities and skills development, by increasing food security and economic resilience, efforts to reinvigorate the private sector in Afghanistan should contribute to enhancing value chain effectiveness, market access and access to finance at micro-level. In particular, enabling the participation of women in the private sector through support to MSMEs is recognised as an important engine of growth in Afghanistan.

Iran is the second-largest host of refugees globally, providing shelter to approximately 4.5 million displaced Afghans with diverse statuses. In December 2022, the Council of the European Union adopted new Conclusions on Iran, outlining the EU's stance regarding its relationship with Iran, the domestic situation in the country, including human rights issues, the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) and regional issues. While the current outlook for cooperation remains limited, the EU should be able to resume cooperation if the context changes. The new reformist President mentioned new opportunities for engagement with the West and changes in Iran's policy. However, it is important to monitor and assess the actions of the new government. In the meantime, the EU continues focusing its support on the Afghan refugees and their host communities, nuclear safety via the European Instrument for International Nuclear Safety Cooperation and civil society organisations via the NDICI-Global Europe thematic programmes for CSOs and Human Rights and Democracy.

Following the 2021 military coup in **Myanmar**, the EU halted any activities that could support or legitimise the military authorities. After a careful review of the development assistance portfolio, the EU is implementing a 'back to basics approach' focused on supporting the most vulnerable population and communities. EU priority in Myanmar is to continue supporting the people of Myanmar, in line with the February 2021 Council Conclusions³ and build societal resistance to ease the impact of conflict and set the basis for a future democratic state. Team Europe approaches, among mainly the priority on human development/education, but also on peace/governance, and green growth/livelihoods, will be strengthened.

The situation in **Yemen** has continued to be volatile since 2014, leading to one of the most severe humanitarian crises globally. Political instability, climate-induced shocks and socio-economic vulnerability have pushed Yemen to the brink of economic collapse and exacerbated an already fragile institutional and social context. An estimated 21.6 million people, representing almost three-quarters of the population, need assistance. The EU priorities remain supporting mainly human and social development and also economic stability and growth, as well as promoting peace and security."

- ix. The following text is added to the relevant paragraphs of the section "2.1.1 Central Asia", under "Sector 2: Partnering for Prosperity":
 - a. **New component: "Sustainable transport connectivity** will develop the transport and transit potential of the Central Asian region and the promotion of diversification of transport routes in order to strengthen the connectivity processes on the axis Europe Asia through Central Asia".
 - b. "SO 7 Support to the development of the Trans-Caspian Transport Network, which will help transform Central Asia into an important link in trans-regional transport and logistics networks by creating alternative transport routes"

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³ https://data.consilium.europa.eu/doc/document/ST-6287-2021-INIT/en/pdf

- c. "ER 7: Tangible progress is achieved in the implementation of the 33 infrastructure projects and 7 soft connectivity measures identified in the Study on Sustainable Transport Connections between Europe and Central Asia (published in June 2023)".
- x. The paragraph of section "2.1.4 Pacific", "Sector 3: Fundamental values, Human development, Peace and Security" is replaced by the following paragraph:
 - a. "SO 2: Support regional institutions and national and local authorities in the implementation of the climate change and security objectives under the Boe Declaration, including support for regional stability and in response to new security challenges."
- xi. A new section "Actions in countries in complex settings" is added with the following text:

"The actions will address the most pressing needs and challenges in countries in complex settings, in particular Afghanistan, Iran, Myanmar and Yemen, in line with the relevant EU policy for each of these countries. This support can always be reconsidered or adapted in instances where activities cannot be continued in line with the EU's principled approach or when the in-country situation evolves. The objectives and activities to be pursued in each country will duly take into account their specific situations."

xii. The section "Support to Investments under the EFSD+" is renamed "Support to investments" and the related text is replaced as follows:

Russia's war of aggression against Ukraine that started in February 2022 has had severe economic consequences for the countries of Asia and the Pacific: food insecurity, limited access to energy and raw materials due to trade disruptions, as well as macro-economic repercussions such as high inflation and rising debt levels affected many countries directly or indirectly. As direct neighbours, the Central Asian states need support to alleviate the negative spillover effects of the Russian war of aggression, in particular trade disruptions, declining foreign remittances and currency fluctuations.

The role of EFSD+ guarantees and blending modalities is instrumental in reaching the objectives of Global Gateway including climate relevant operations and addressing the current challenges through the mobilisation of financial resources from the European Investment Bank, European and International Financial Institutions (including the Asian Development Bank) as well as private stakeholders. EFSD+ facilitates and promotes investments in key priority sectors in Asia and the Pacific region, notably sustainable energy, rural development, environmental protection including biodiversity, transport, economic corridors, digital connectivity, education/TVET, water and sanitation, urban infrastructure, sustainable finance as well as strengthening health delivery systems in response to the COVID 19 pandemic. Linkages with migration will be sought, as per the NDICI-Global Europe regulation (recital 64).

The provisioning for budgetary guarantees for Asia and the Pacific should amount up to EUR 1 073 million, including i) open access architecture window (targeting private sector operations and all eligible financial institutions), ii) an exclusive EIB Investment Window 1 targeting sovereign guarantees as well as a dedicated EIB Investment Window 4 covering risky operations of the private sector in ACP countries. Additional technical assistance needs have been identified to support the budgetary guarantees scheme, therefore a EUR 109 million allocation has been foreseen in order to reflect it.

Both blending and the EIB dedicated sovereign window are getting tractions and are therefore reinforced.

As regards the blending funding through Asia Pacific Investment Facility (APIF), additional resources are required to support the pipeline of important Global Gateway blending projects under discussion.

As regards the European Investment Bank's operations under Investment Window 1, a financial reinforcement is necessary for the 2025-2027 period to address new needs related to Global Gateway investments. Interest is raising in almost all countries of Asia and the Pacific with a clear focus on, among others:

- i) Transport connectivity in Central Asia (Trans-Caspian Transport Network);
- ii) Digital Connectivity, including cable connectivity in the Indo-Pacific region and satellite connectivity in Central Asia and Mongolia;
- iii) Green Energy Transition/Renewable Energy, notably in Central, South and South East Asia (intra-regional connectivity and connectivity towards Europe) and
- iv) Climate Resilience, notably in Central Asia, Pacific and South-East Asia."

The Section "Financial Overview", is replaced by the following: "Financial Overview for the xiii. period 2021-2027"

RMIP Component	2021-27 original amount (Million EUR)	MTR impact (Million EUR)	2021-27 amount post MTR (Million EUR)	% of Total
Priority Area 1 – Regional Int	egration and Coope	ration	·	
Central Asia	140	+ 30	170	4.6
South Asia	30	-	30	0.8
South-East Asia and ASEAN	180	-	180	4.9
Pacific	100	-	100	2.7
Pan-Asia	271	-	2714	7.4
Sub-total	721	+ 30	751	20.4
Priority Area 2 – Pursuing EU	Interests with Key	Partners Partners		
China	110	- 10	100	2.7
India	90	+ 10	100	2.7
Gulf Countries, High Income Countries and other Key Partners (including public diplomacy for India and China)	135	- 4	1315	3.6
Sub-total	335	- 4	331	9.0
Priority Area 3 – Migration, F	 orced Displacement	and Mobility		
Forced displacement	141	+ 90	231	6.3
Migration management	140	-	140	3.8
Flexible Instrument Migration	141	-	141	3.9
Sub-total	422	+ 90	512	14.0
Priority Area 4 – Actions in co	 	 settings		
Sub-total	-	+ 392	392	10.7
Support Measures				
Sub-total	64	-	64	1.8
Support to Investments under	the EFSD+			
Provisioning of guarantees	450	+ 6236	1073	29.3
Technical Assistance	50	+ 59	109	3.0
Blending	290	+ 104	394	10.8
External Lending Mandate legacy	12	+ 22	34	0.9
Sub-total	802	+ 808	1610	44.0
Total	2 344	+ 1 316	3 660	100

Of which EUR 71 million for cofinancing actions under the Global Challenges programme (in Health, Biodiversity, Water, Mining and agrifood systems).
 To be managed by the Commission's Service for Foreign Policy Instruments.

⁶ including EUR 375 million Global Gateway replenishment of Investment Window 1 from the NDICI-Global Europe cushion.

to the multiannual indicative programme for the People's Republic of Bangladesh for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the People's Republic Bangladesh for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	84.75	52%
Human capital development		
Priority area 2:	41.00	25%
Green inclusive development		
Priority area 3:	35.00	21%
Inclusive governance		
Support measures	3.25	2.0%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	164.00	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Bhutan for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Bhutan for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	2	12%
Climate change, green growth and self-reliant		
Bhutan		
Priority area 2:	5	29%
Good governance for inclusive socioeconomic		
development		
Priority area 3:	10	59%
Digital transition: a driver for change in education		
and public services delivery		
Support measures	0	0%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	17	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Cambodia for the period 2021- $2027\,$

The multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Cambodia for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1: Green growth and decent jobs	40	50%
Priority area 2: Education and skills development	19	24%
Priority area 3: Good governance	15	19%
Support measures	6	7%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	80	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Indonesia for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Indonesia for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. The table under Section "3. Financial Overview", is replaced by the following table:

MIP Component	Original amount (MEUR)	MTR impact (MEUR)	New amount post MTR (MEUR)	% Total
Cooperation Facility	20	+5	25	100

${\bf Addendum\ No.\ 1}$ to the multiannual indicative programme for the Islamic Republic of Iran for the period 2021- 2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Islamic Republic of Iran for the period 2021-2027 is terminated as from 31st December of 2024.

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Iraq for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Iraq for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	41	80%
Green job creation and economic diversification		
Priority area 2:	0	0%
Human development and social contract		
Priority area 3:	8	16%
Digital and participatory governance and		
democracy		
Support measures	2	4%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	51	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Kazakhstan for the period 2021- $2027\,$

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Kazakhstan for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. The table under Section "3. Financial Overview", is replaced by the following table:

MIP Component	Original amount (MEUR)	MTR impact (MEUR)	New amount post MTR (MEUR)	% Total
Cooperation Facility	16	+4	20	100

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Kyrgyz Republic for the period 2021-2027 $\,$

The multiannual indicative programme for the Kyrgyz Republic for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	29	80%
Governance and digital transformation		
Priority area 2:	2	6%
Human development		
Priority area 3:	4	11%
Green and climate resilient economy		
Support measures	1	3%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	36	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for Lao People's Democratic Republic for the period 2021-2027

The European Joint Programming for the Lao People's Democratic Republic for the period 2025-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. In "Annex II - Financial overview for the European Union's commitments (in Euro million)" under section 1. Indicative commitments by priority area over the period 2025-2027, the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	20	44%
Green and inclusive economy		
Priority area 2:	15	33%
Human capital		
Priority area 3:	7	16%
Good governance		
Support measures	3	7%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	45	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for Malaysia for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for Malaysia for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. The table under Section "3. Financial Overview", is replaced by the following table:

MIP Component	Original amount (MEUR)	MTR impact (MEUR)	New amount post MTR (MEUR)	% Total
Cooperation Facility	20	+5	25	100

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Maldives for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Maldives for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	3.5	50%
Green recovery		
Priority area 2:	3.2	46%
Good governance, rule of law and security		
Support measures	0.3	4%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	7	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for Mongolia for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for Mongolia for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	9	53%
Green sustainable development		
Priority area 2:	5.9	35%
Democratic and economic development		
Support measures	2.1	12%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	17	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for Nepal for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for Nepal for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	68	60%
Inclusive green growth		
Priority area 2:	30	27%
Human capital development		
Priority area 3:	12	11%
Good governance and civil society		
Support measures	3	2%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	113	100%

to the Pacific multi-country multiannual indicative programme for the period 2021-2027

The Pacific multi-country multiannual indicative programme for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	41	64%
Climate action and environmental sustainability		
Priority area 2:	22.70	35%
Inclusive and sustainable economic development		
Priority area 3:	0	0%
Fundamental values, human development, peace		
and security		
Support measures	0.30	1%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	64	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Islamic Republic of Pakistan for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Islamic Republic of Pakistan for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount	% of total
	(million EUR)	
Priority area 1:	80	59%
Green inclusive growth		
Priority area 2:	30	22%
Human capital		
Priority area 3:	20	15%
Governance, including the rule of law (ROL) and		
human rights (HR)		
Support measures	5	4%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	135	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for Papua New Guinea for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for Papua New Guinea for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount	% of total
	(million EUR)	
Priority area 1:	36.4	58%
"Our forest our future" forestry, climate change and		
biodiversity nexus (TEI)		
Priority area 2:	11.6	19%
"Water is life" water, sanitation and hygiene		
(WaSH) in connection with human development		
Priority area 3:	11.6	19%
Transparent and accountable governance		
Support measures	2.4	4%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	62	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of the Philippines for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of the Philippines for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	45	58%
Resilient green economy and green jobs		
Priority area 2:	30.5	39%
Peaceful and just society, good governance		
Support measures	2.5	3%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	78	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Sri Lanka for the period 2021- $2027\,$

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Sri Lanka for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	14	44%
Green recovery		
Priority area 2:	16	50%
Inclusive and peaceful society		
Support measures	2	6%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	32	100%

${\bf Addendum\ No.\ 1}$ to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Tajikistan for the period 2021- 2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Tajikistan for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	million EUR	% of total
Priority area 1:	5	10%
Inclusive green and digital economy		
Priority area 2:	4	8%
Human development		
Priority area 3:	41	80%
Natural resources management, efficiency and		
resilience building		
Support measures	1	2%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	51	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Democratic Republic of Timor-Leste for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	15	50%
"Green and sustainable economic recovery and		
development"		
Priority area 2:	11	37%
"Good governance for sustainable development"		
Support measures	4	13%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	30	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Thailand for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Kingdom of Thailand for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. The table under Section "3. Financial Overview", is replaced by the following table:

MIP Component	Original amount (MEUR)	MTR impact (MEUR)	New amount post MTR (MEUR)	% Total
Cooperation Facility	20	+5	25	100

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Uzbekistan for the period 2021- $2027\,$

The multiannual indicative programme for the Republic of Uzbekistan for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	12.4	29%
Democratic governance and digital transformation		
Priority area 2:	20	47%
Inclusive, digital and green growth		
Priority area 3:	10	23%
Development of a smart and eco-friendly agri-food		
sector		
Support measures	0.6	1%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	43	100%

to the multiannual indicative programme for the Socialist Republic of Vietnam for the period 2021-2027

The multiannual indicative programme for the Socialist Republic of Vietnam for the period 2021-2027 is hereby amended as follows:

i. Under Section "Financial Overview", the following table is added:

	Amount (million EUR)	% of total
Priority area 1:	40	48%
Climate-responsive digital circular economy		
Priority area 2:	25	30%
Responsible entrepreneurship and enhanced skills		
for decent employment		
Priority area 3:	13	16%
Strengthening governance, rule of law and		
institutional reform		
Support measures	5	6%
TOTAL for the period 2025-2027	83	100%